

# Biomedical Information Retrieval

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## Searching – everyone is doing it ...

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*"First, they do an on-line search."*

2



... everyone knows about it ...



... but new problems have emerged



## Biomedical information retrieval (IR)

1. IR in Biomedicine
2. Biomedical IR Content
3. Evaluation
4. Research Directions

5



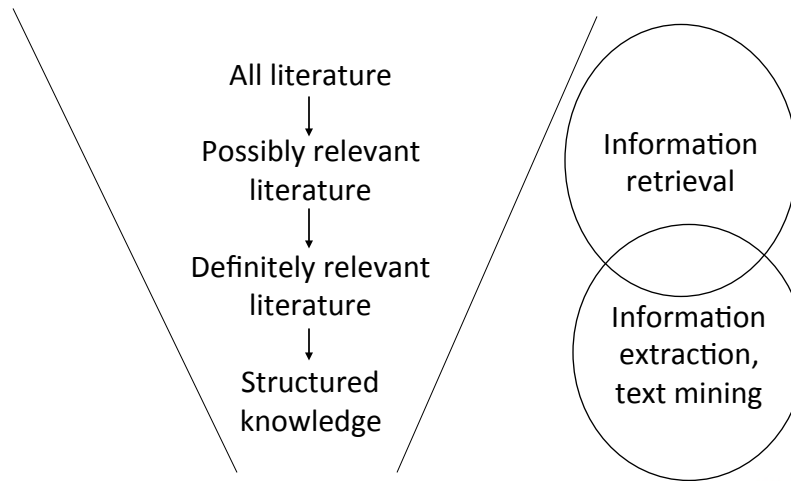
## IR in biomedicine: major challenges

- We have gone from
  - Information paucity to information overload
  - Paternalistic clinicians to engaged patients
  - Need to reduce waste in healthcare
- Many topics we want to search on have multiple ways to be expressed, e.g., diseases, genes, symptoms, etc.
- The converse is a problem too: Many words and terms used to express topics have multiple meanings
- Balancing open access vs. providing for cost of production and maintenance

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## IR is a growing part of “knowledge discovery” (Hersh, 2009)



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## Who uses biomedical IR systems?

- Just about all Internet users “search” (if for no other reason than being sent to search pages when URLs fail)
- Most Internet users search for health information
  - Estimates for US adult Internet users who have searched for personal health information is about 80% (Taylor, 2011; Fox, 2011)
  - Virtually all US, Canadian, and UK physicians (and probably those from everywhere else) use electronic sources (Davies, 2010)
  - Large proportion of academic faculty (78-88%) and trainees (88%) own smartphones and use them for information access (Franko, 2011)

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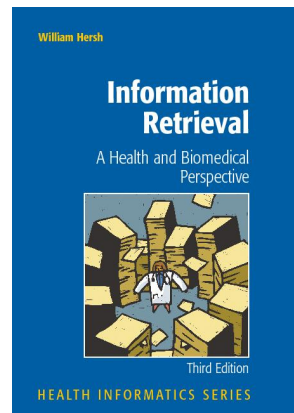
## What kind of health information do people search for? (Fox, 2011)

Health topic	% searching
Specific disease or medical problem	66%
Certain medical treatment or procedure	56%
Doctors or other health professionals	44%
Hospitals or other medical facilities	36%
Health insurance – private or government	33%
Food safety or recalls	29%
Environmental health hazards	22%
Pregnancy and childbirth	19%
Medical test results	16%

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## How to find more information about biomedical IR

- From me!
- Hersh WR, *Information Retrieval: A Health and Biomedical Perspective*, Third Edition, 2009
  - Web site: [www.irbook.info](http://www.irbook.info)
- OHSU BMI 514/614 – Information Retrieval
- Many other good books, journals, and other sources as well



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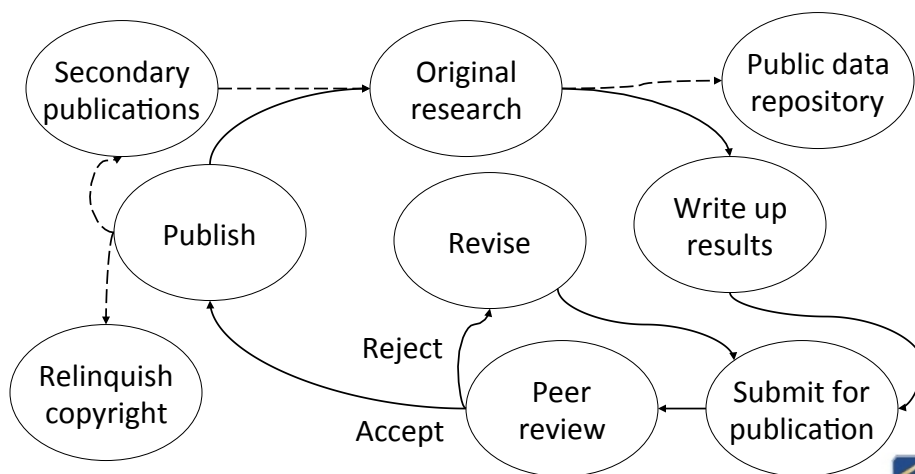
## Why is IR pertinent to health and biomedicine?

- Growth of knowledge has long surpassed human memory capabilities
- Clinicians have frequent and unmet information needs
- Researchers must frequently update their knowledge in new areas quickly
- Primary literature on a given topic can be scattered and hard to synthesize
- Non-primary literature sources are often neither comprehensive nor systematic
- Web is increasingly used as source of health and biomedical information

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## The life-cycle of knowledge-based information (Hersh, 2009)



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## Classification of knowledge-based scientific information

- Primary – original research
  - Published mainly in journals but also in conference proceedings, technical reports, books, etc.
  - Can include re-analysis, e.g., meta-analysis and systematic reviews
- Secondary – reviews, condensations, and/or synopses of primary literature
  - Textbooks and handbooks are staples of clinical practitioners, researchers, and others
  - Guidelines are important for normalizing care and measuring quality

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## Biomedical IR content: a classification

- Bibliographic
  - By definition rich in metadata
- Full-text
  - Everything on-line
- Annotated
  - Non-text or structured text annotated with text
- Aggregations
  - Bringing together all of the above
- These categories are admittedly fuzzy, and increasing numbers of resources have more than one type

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## Bibliographic content

- Bibliographic databases
  - The old (e.g., MEDLINE) have been revitalized with new features
  - New ones (e.g., National Guidelines Clearinghouse) have emerged
- Web catalogs
  - Share many characteristics of traditional bibliographic databases
- Real simple syndication/Rich site summary (RSS)
  - “Feeds” provide information about new content

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## Bibliographic databases

- Contain metadata about (mostly) journal articles and other resources typically found in libraries
- Produced by
  - U.S. government
    - e.g., MEDLINE and subsets, genomics information, etc.
  - Commercial publishers
    - e.g., EMBASE – part of larger SciVal, CINAHL

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## MEDLINE

- References to biomedical journal literature
  - Original medical IR application – launched in 1966
  - Free to world since 1998 via PubMed – pubmed.gov
- Produced by National Library of Medicine (NLM)
- Statistics ([http://www.nlm.nih.gov/bsd/bsd\\_key.html](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/bsd/bsd_key.html))
  - Over 20 million references to peer-reviewed literature
  - Over 5,000 journals, mostly English language
  - Over 700,000 and growing new references added yearly
- Links to full text of articles and other resources

17



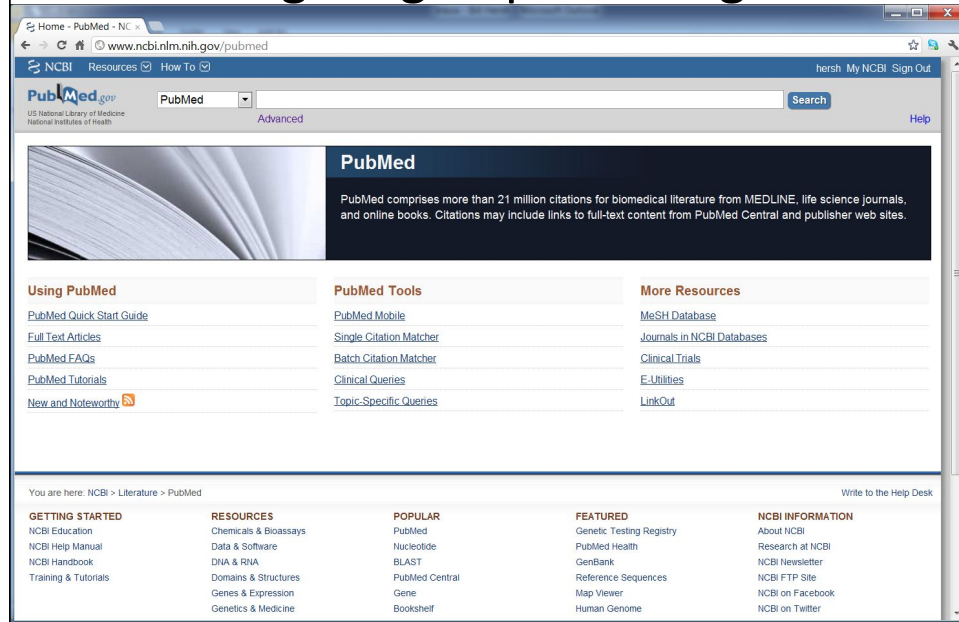
## Let's take a tour of PubMed

- User wants to know about treatment of congestive heart failure with angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors
  - PubMed maps query into appropriate Boolean statement
- Simple AND yields way too many results, so want to narrow down, especially to best evidence
  - Done by applying Limits or using Clinical Queries

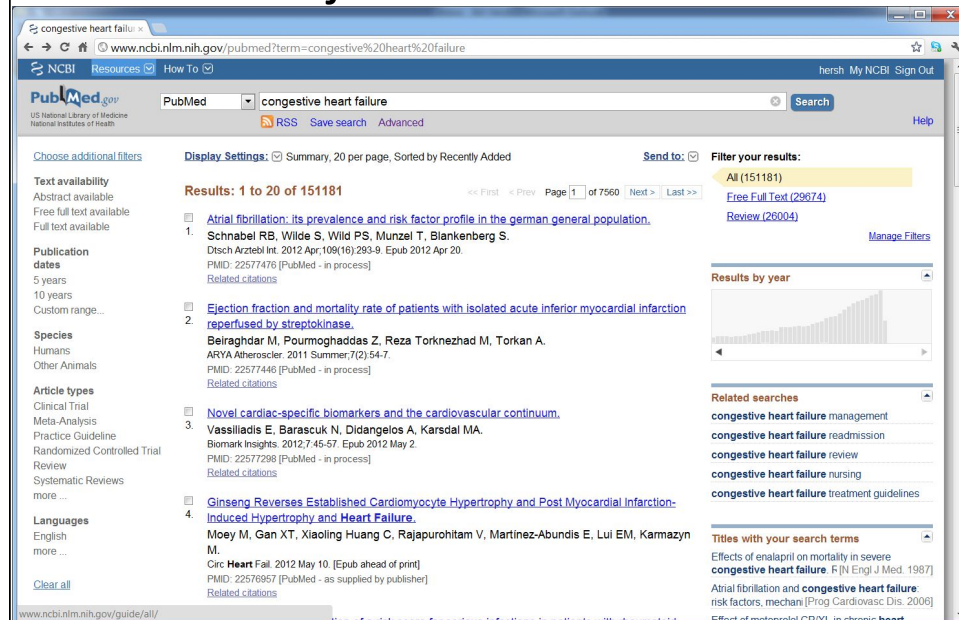
18



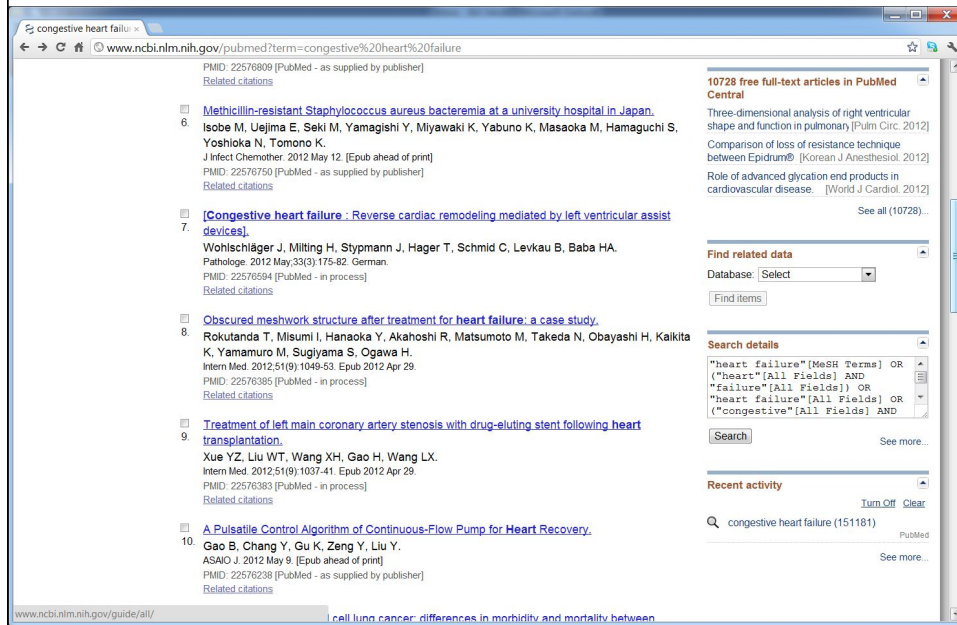
# Navigating to pubmed.gov



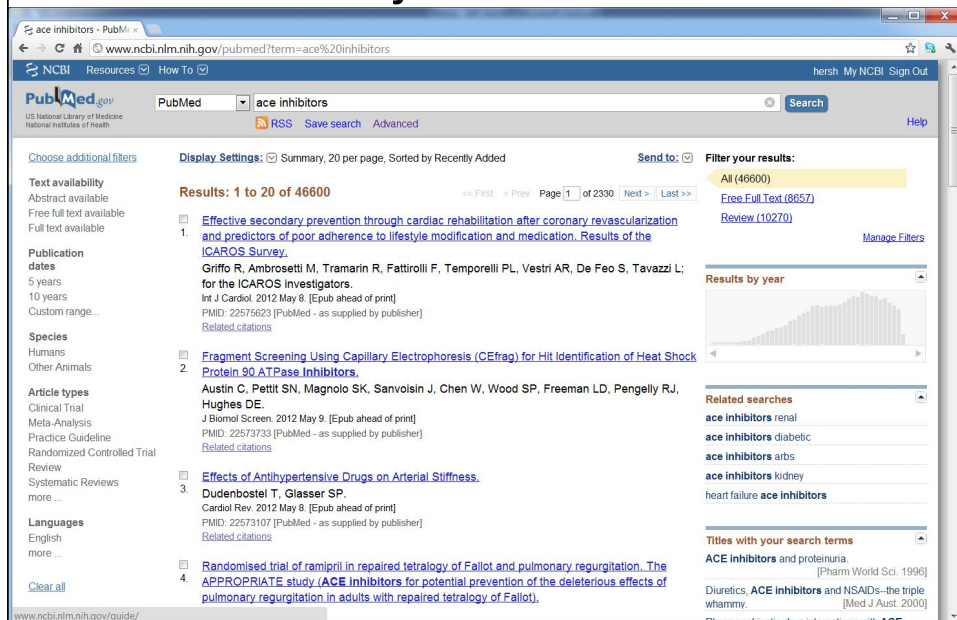
# Search on just CHF – note features



## And more features



## Search on just ACE inhibitors



# Need to AND these, but still too many

congestive heart failure - x

www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=congestive%20heart%20failure%20AND%20ace%20inhibitors

NCBI Resources How To herish My NCBI Sign Out

PubMed US National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health

congestive heart failure AND ace inhibitors Search

RSS Save search Advanced Help

Choose additional filters

Display Settings: Summary, 20 per page, Sorted by Recently Added

Send to: Filter your results:

Text availability

Abstract available

Free full text available

Full text available

Publication dates

5 years

10 years

Custom range...

Species

Humans

Other Animals

Article types

Clinical Trial

Meta-Analysis

Practice Guideline

Randomized Controlled Trial

Review

Systematic Reviews

more ...

Languages

English

more ...

Clear all

Choose additional filters

Results: 1 to 20 of 9468

1. [Capturing the dynamics of systemic Renin-Angiotensin-Aldosterone System \(RAAS\) peptides heightens the understanding of the effect of benazepril in dogs.](#)

Mochel JP, Peyrou M, Fink M, Strehlau G, Mohamed R, Giraudel JM, Ploeger B, Danhof M. J Vet Pharmacol Ther. 2012 May 8. doi: 10.1111/j.1365-2885.2012.01406.x. [Epub ahead of print] PMID: 22568394 [PubMed - as supplied by publisher] [Related citations](#)

2. [\[Short-term prognosis and treatment of patients hospitalized for acute heart failure in a regional hospital without a cardiocentre\].](#)

Zeman K, Pohludková L, Spinar J, Jarkovský J, Littnerová S, Dušek L, Miklík R, Feiščí M, Pařenica J. Vnitř Lek. 2012 Apr;58(4):273-9. Czech. PMID: 22569800 [PubMed - in process] [Related citations](#)

3. [\[Peripartum cardiomyopathy: A multiple entity.\]](#)

Vanzetto G, Martin A, Bouvaist H, Marlière S, Durand M, Chavanon O. Presse Med. 2012 May 1. [Epub ahead of print] French. PMID: 22554497 [PubMed - as supplied by publisher] [Related citations](#)

4. [Warfarin in Heart Failure.](#)

Eikelboom JW, Connolly SJ. N Engl J Med. 2012 May 2. [Epub ahead of print] PMID: 22551103 [PubMed - as supplied by publisher] [Related citations](#) **Free Article**

Results by year

Titles with your search terms

The effects of ACE inhibitors on exercise capacity in the tri [J Cardiovasc Pharmacol. 1990]

Combination neurohormonal blockade with ACE inhibitors, angiotensin II an [Can J Cardiol. 1997]

Neurohormonal activation and congestive heart failure: today's experience wit [Eur Heart J. 1995]

See more...

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Angiotensin receptor blockers and risk of cancer: cohort study among people receiving [BMJ. 2012]

Short-term outcomes in heart failure patients

# What if I forget the AND?

congestive heart failure - x

www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=congestive%20heart%20failure%20ace%20inhibitors

NCBI Resources How To herish My NCBI Sign Out

PubMed US National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health

congestive heart failure ace inhibitors Search

RSS Save search Advanced Help

Choose additional filters

Display Settings: Summary, 20 per page, Sorted by Recently Added

Send to: Filter your results:

Text availability

Abstract available

Free full text available

Full text available

Publication dates

5 years

10 years

Custom range...

Species

Humans

Other Animals

Article types

Clinical Trial

Meta-Analysis

Practice Guideline

Randomized Controlled Trial

Review

Systematic Reviews

more ...

Languages

English

more ...

Clear all

Choose additional filters

Results: 1 to 20 of 9468

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Mochel JP, Peyrou M, Fink M, Strehlau G, Mohamed R, Giraudel JM, Ploeger B, Danhof M. J Vet Pharmacol Ther. 2012 May 8. doi: 10.1111/j.1365-2885.2012.01406.x. [Epub ahead of print] PMID: 22568394 [PubMed - as supplied by publisher] [Related citations](#)

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Neurohormonal activation and congestive heart failure: today's experience wit [Eur Heart J. 1995]

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Angiotensin receptor blockers and risk of cancer: cohort study among people receiving [BMJ. 2012]

Short-term outcomes in heart failure patients

# How did it do that?

- PubMed mapping determines terms and appropriate Boolean operators, e.g.,
  - “congestive heart failure ace inhibitors” becomes:
  - ("heart failure"[MeSH Terms] OR ("heart"[All Fields] AND "failure"[All Fields]) OR "heart failure"[All Fields] OR ("congestive"[All Fields] AND "heart"[All Fields] AND "failure"[All Fields]) OR "congestive heart failure"[All Fields]) AND ("angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors"[MeSH Terms] OR ("angiotensin-converting"[All Fields] AND "enzyme"[All Fields] AND "inhibitors"[All Fields]) OR "angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors"[All Fields] OR ("ace"[All Fields] AND "inhibitors"[All Fields]) OR "ace inhibitors"[All Fields] OR "angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors"[Pharmacological Action])



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## But 9000+ is still way too much

The screenshot shows a PubMed search results page for the query "congestive heart failure ace inhibitors". The page displays 9468 results. On the left, there is a sidebar with various filters: Text availability (Abstract available, Free full text available, Full text available), Publication dates (5 years, 10 years, Custom range...), Species (Humans, Other Animals), Article types (Clinical Trial, Meta-Analysis, Practice Guideline, Randomized Controlled Trial, Review, Systematic Reviews, more...), and Languages (English, more...). The main content area shows a list of search results, including titles like "Angiotensin-Aldosterone System (RAAS) peptides" and "Angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors". A "Results by year" bar chart is visible on the right side of the results list.

# So can limit by RCT

The screenshot shows a PubMed search for 'congestive heart failure ace inhibitors'. The search results are filtered to show only Randomized Controlled Trials (RCTs). The results list three articles, with the first one being a meta-analysis of RCTs. The search results are displayed in a table format with columns for article number, title, authors, journal, and publication date.

**Search Results:** 1 to 20 of 1195  
 Filters activated: Randomized Controlled Trial [Clear all](#)

**Article 1:**  
 Effect of a medication-taking behavior feedback theory-based intervention on outcomes in patients with heart failure.  
 Wu JR, Corley DJ, Lennie TA, Moser DK.  
 J Card Fail. 2012 Jan;18(1):1-9. Epub 2011 Oct 19.  
 PMID: 22196835 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]  
[Related citations](#)

**Article 2:**  
 Safety and efficacy of low blood pressures among patients with diabetes: subgroup analyses from the ONTARGET (Ongoing Telmisartan Alone and in combination with Ramipril Global Endpoint Trial).  
 Redon J, Mancía G, Sleight P, Schumacher H, Gao P, Pogue J, Fagard R, Verdecchia P, Weber M, Böhm M, Williams B, Yusuf K, Teo K, Yusuf S; ONTARGET Investigators.  
 J Am Coll Cardiol. 2012 Jan 3;59(1):74-83.  
 PMID: 22192672 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]  
[Related citations](#)

**Article 3:**  
 Evaluation of multiple biomarkers of cardiovascular stress for risk prediction and guiding medical therapy in patients with stable coronary disease.  
 Sabatine MS, Morrow DA, de Lemos JA, Omland T, Sloan S, Jarolim P, Solomon SD, Pfeffer MA, Braunwald E.  
 Circulation. 2012 Jan 17;125(2):233-40. Epub 2011 Dec 16.  
 PMID: 22179538 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]  
[Related citations](#)

**Article 4:**  
 How can optimization of medical treatment avoid unnecessary implantable cardioverter-defibrillators in patients with idiopathic dilated cardiomyopathy presenting with...

# Still too many, so use other limits

The screenshot shows a PubMed search for 'congestive heart failure ace inhibitors'. The search results are filtered to show only Systematic Reviews. The results list four articles, with the first one being a meta-analysis of RCTs. The search results are displayed in a table format with columns for article number, title, authors, journal, and publication date.

**Search Results:** 1 to 20 of 439  
 Filters activated: Systematic Reviews [Clear all](#)

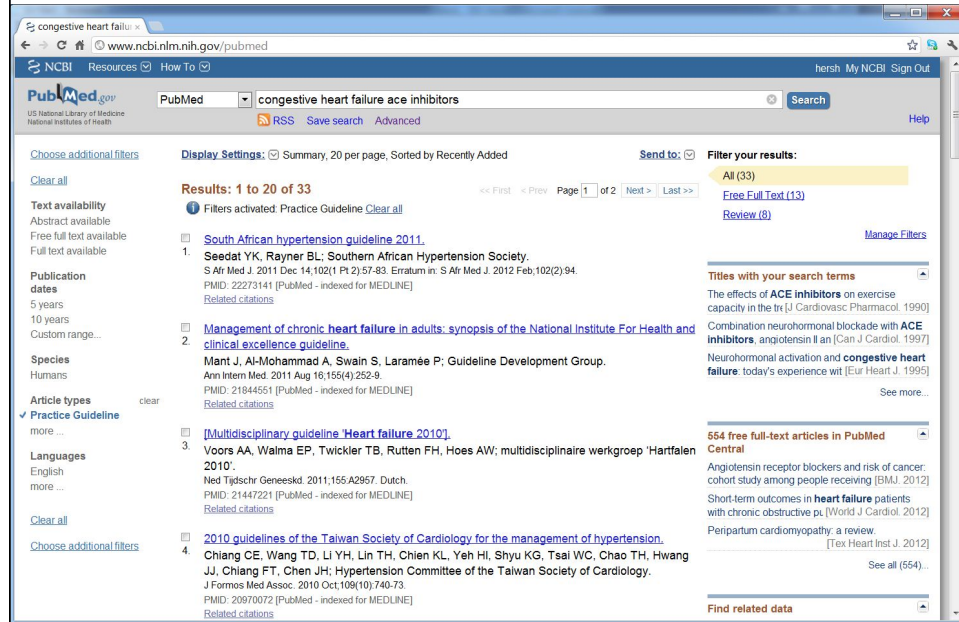
**Article 1:**  
 Angiotensin receptor blockers and risk of cancer: cohort study among people receiving antihypertensive drugs in UK General Practice Research Database.  
 Bhaskaran K, Douglas I, Evans S, van Staa T, Smeeth L.  
 BMJ. 2012 Apr 24;344:e2697. doi: 10.1136/bmj.e2697.  
 PMID: 22531797 [PubMed - in process] [Free PMC Article](#)  
[Related citations](#)

**Article 2:**  
 Meta-Analysis of Randomized Trials of Angioedema as an Adverse Event of Renin-Angiotensin System Inhibitors.  
 Makani H, Messeri FH, Romero J, Wever-Pinzon O, Korniyenko A, Berrios RS, Bangalore S.  
 Am J Cardiol. 2012 Apr 20. [Epub ahead of print]  
 PMID: 22521308 [PubMed - as supplied by publisher]  
[Related citations](#)

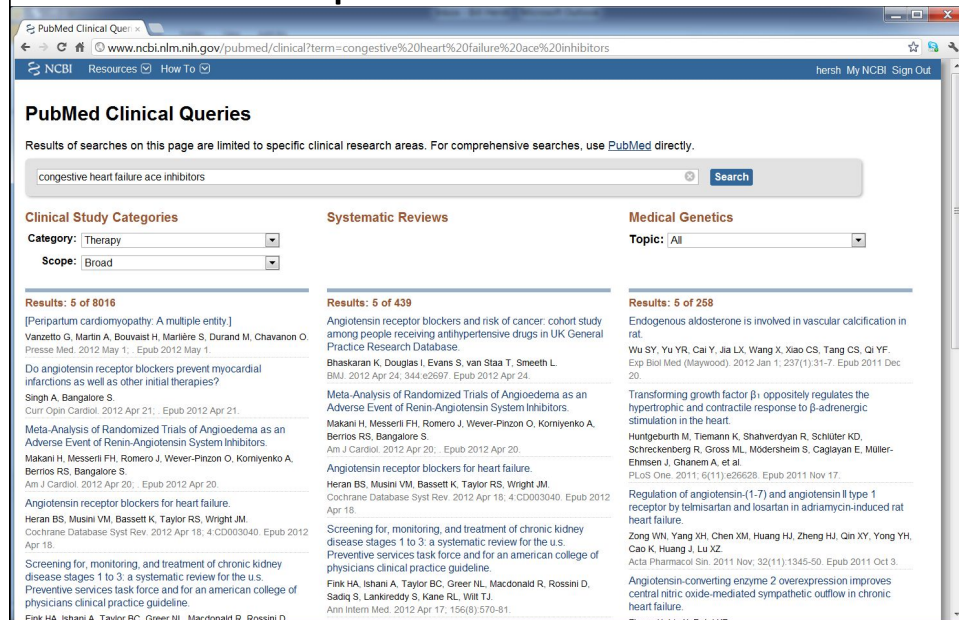
**Article 3:**  
 Angiotensin receptor blockers for heart failure.  
 Heran BS, Mueini VM, Bassett K, Taylor RS, Wright JM.  
 Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2012 Apr 18;4:CD003040.  
 PMID: 22513909 [PubMed - in process]  
[Related citations](#)

**Article 4:**  
 Screening for, monitoring, and treatment of chronic kidney disease stages 1 to 3: a systematic review for the u.s. Preventive services task force and for an american college of physicians clinical practice guideline.  
 Fink HA, Ishani A, Taylor BC, Greer NL, Macdonald R, Rossini D, Sadiq S, Lankireddy S, Kane RL, Wilt TJ.  
 Ann Intern Med. 2012 Apr 17;156(8):570-81.

# Or further limits



# Another option is Clinical Queries



## Clinical Queries also allows other question types

The screenshot shows the PubMed Clinical Queries web interface. The browser address bar displays the URL: [www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/clinical?term=congestive%20heart%20failure%20a](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/clinical?term=congestive%20heart%20failure%20a). The page title is "PubMed Clinical Queries". Below the title, a text box contains the search term "congestive heart failure ace inhibitors". Under the "Clinical Study Categories" section, a dropdown menu is open, showing options: "Therapy", "Etiology", "Diagnosis", "Therapy" (highlighted), "Prognosis", and "Clinical prediction guides". The "Results: 5" is displayed next to the dropdown. To the right, under the "Systematic Reviews" section, the text "Results: 5 of 439" is shown.

## National Guidelines Clearinghouse

- Produced by Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ)
  - [www.guideline.gov](http://www.guideline.gov)
- Contains detailed information about guidelines
  - Including degree they are evidence-based
  - Interface allows comparison of elements in database for multiple guidelines
- Has links to those that are free on Web and links to producers when proprietary

## Web catalogs

- Generally aim to provide quality-filtered Web sites aimed at specific audiences
  - Distinction between catalogs and sites blurry
- Some are aimed towards clinicians
  - HON Select – <http://www.hon.ch/HONselect/>
  - Translating Research into Practice – [www.tripdatabase.com](http://www.tripdatabase.com)
- Others are aimed towards patients/consumers
  - Healthfinder – [www.healthfinder.gov](http://www.healthfinder.gov)

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## RSS

- RSS “feeds” provide short summaries, typically of news, journal articles, or other recent postings on Web sites
- Users receive RSS feeds by an RSS aggregator that can typically be configured for the site(s) desired and to filter based on content
  - Work as standalone, in Web browsers, in email clients, etc.
- Two versions (1.0, 2.0) but basically provide
  - Title – name of item
  - Link – URL of full page
  - Description – brief description of page

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## Full-text content

- Contains complete text as well as tables, figures, images, etc.
- If there is corresponding print version, both are usually identical
- Includes
  - Periodicals
  - Books
  - Web sites – may include either of above

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## Full-text primary literature

- Almost all biomedical journals available electronically
  - Many published by Highwire Press ([www.highwire.org](http://www.highwire.org)), which adds value to content of original publisher, including *British Medical Journal*, *Journal of the American Medical Association*, *New England Journal of Medicine*, etc.
  - Growing number available via open-access model, e.g., *Biomed Central* (BMC), *Public Library of Science* (PLOS)
- Other publishers license and provide to vendors – e.g., from Ovid, MDConsult, etc.
- Impediments to wider dissemination are economic and not technical (Hersh 2000; McGuigan, 2007)

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# Books

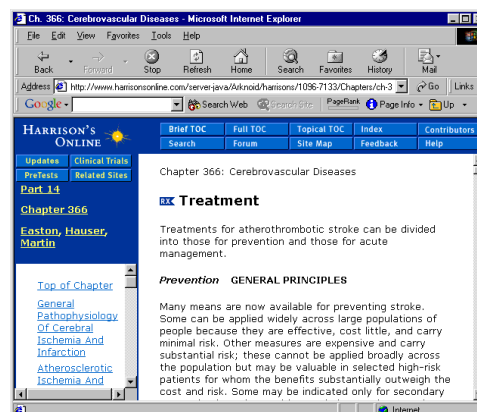
- Textbooks
  - Most well-known clinical textbooks are now available electronically
    - e.g., *Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine*
  - Most are bundled into large collections by publishers
    - e.g., Access Medicine, Elsevier, Kluwer (Lippincott Williams & Wilkins)
  - NLM has developed books site as part of PubMed
    - <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/query.fcgi?db=Books>
- Compendia of drugs, diseases, evidence, etc.
- Handbooks – very popular with clinicians

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## Value added for electronic books

- Multimedia, e.g., skin lesions, shuffling gait of Parkinson's Disease, etc.
- Bundling of multiple books
- Can be updated in between "editions"
- Linkage to other information, e.g., to references, self-assessments, updates, other resources, etc.



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## Web sites

- Plenty of good content can be retrieval by Google, Bing, and other general search engines
  - *Caveat lector et viewer* - let the reader and the viewer beware (Silberg, 1997)
- There are also more narrow coherent collections of information on Web
  - Usually take advantage of Web features, such as linking, multimedia
  - Increasingly integrated with other resources and available on different platforms (e.g., integrated into electronic health records [EHRs], on smartphones, etc.)

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## Some notable full-text content on Web sites

- Government agencies
  - National Cancer Institute
    - [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov)
  - Centers for Disease Control – travel and infection information
    - [www.cdc.gov](http://www.cdc.gov)
    - <http://www.cdc.gov/travel/>
  - Other NIH institutes, e.g., National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute (NHLBI)
    - [www.nhlbi.nih.gov](http://www.nhlbi.nih.gov)

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## Full-text Web sites (cont.)

- Physician-oriented medical news and overviews, e.g.,
  - Medscape – [www.medscape.com](http://www.medscape.com)
  - PEPID – [www.pepid.com](http://www.pepid.com)
  - Many professional societies provide to members, e.g.,  
[http://www.acponline.org/clinical\\_information/](http://www.acponline.org/clinical_information/)
- Patient/consumer-oriented, e.g.,
  - Intellihealth – [www.intelihealth.com](http://www.intelihealth.com)
  - NetWellness – [www.netwellness.com](http://www.netwellness.com)
  - WebMD – [www.webmd.com](http://www.webmd.com)
- Many mobile apps provide health information, e.g.,
  - iTriage – [www.itriagehealth.com](http://www.itriagehealth.com)

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## Annotated

- Non-text or structured text annotated with text
- Includes
  - Image collections
  - Citation databases
  - Evidence-based medicine databases
  - Clinical decision support
  - Genomics databases
  - Other databases

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## Image collections

- Most prominent in the “visual” medical specialties, such as radiology, pathology, and dermatology
- Well-known collections include
  - Visible Human – [http://www.nlm.nih.gov/research/visible/visible\\_human.html](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/research/visible/visible_human.html)
  - BrighamRad – <http://brighamrad.harvard.edu/>
  - WebPath – <http://library.med.utah.edu/WebPath/webpath.html>
  - More pathology – PEIR, [www.peir.net](http://www.peir.net)
  - DermIS – [www.dermis.net](http://www.dermis.net)
  - More dermatology – [www.visualdx.com](http://www.visualdx.com)
- Many have associated text, which assists with indexing and retrieval

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## Citation databases

- *Science Citation Index and Social Science Citation Index*
  - Database of journal articles that have been cited by other journal articles
  - Now part of a package called *Web of Science*, which itself is part of a larger product, *Web of Knowledge* (Thomson-Reuters)
    - [isiwebofknowledge.com](http://isiwebofknowledge.com), [wokinfo.com](http://wokinfo.com)
- SCOPUS – <http://www.info.sciverse.com/scopus>
- Google Scholar – [scholar.google.com](http://scholar.google.com)

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## Evidence-based medicine databases

- Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews
  - Collection of systematic reviews, kept updated
- Evidence “formularies”
  - Clinical Evidence – BMJ
  - JAMAevidence
  - PIER (Physician’s Information and Education Resource, American College of Physicians) – disease-oriented overviews, tagged for evidence
- Up to Date
  - Clinically oriented overviews of medicine
- InfoPOEMS
  - “Patient-oriented evidence that matters”

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## Clinical decision support (CDS)

- Content used in CDS systems, usually part of EHRs
  - Order sets (usually “evidence-based”)
  - CDS rules
  - Health/disease management templates
- Growing and evolving commercial market for such tools, especially as EHR adoption increases; leaders include
  - Zynx – [www.zynxhealth.com](http://www.zynxhealth.com)
  - Thomson Reuters – [thomsonreuters.com](http://thomsonreuters.com)
  - EHR vendors themselves and partners

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## Genomics databases

- National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI, [www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov); Sayers, 2012)  
collection links
  - Literature references – MEDLINE
  - Textbook of genetic diseases – On-Line Mendelian Inheritance in Man
  - Sequence databases – Genbank
  - Structure databases – Molecular Modeling Database
  - Genomes – Catalog of genes
  - Maps – Locations of genes on chromosomes

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## Other databases

- ClinicalTrials.gov
  - Originally database of clinical trials funded by NIH
  - Now used as register for clinical trials, with results reporting for some (DeAngelis, 2005; Laine, 2007; Zarin, 2011)
- NIH RePORTER
  - <http://projectreporter.nih.gov/reporter.cfm>
  - Database of all research grants funded by NIH
  - Replaced the CRISP database

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## Aggregations – integrating many resources

- Clinical: Merck Medicus – [www.merckmedicus.com](http://www.merckmedicus.com)
  - Collection of many resources available to any licensed US physician
- Biomedical research: Model organism databases, e.g., Mouse Genome Informatics
  - [www.informatics.jax.org](http://www.informatics.jax.org)
- Consumer: MEDLINEplus – [medlineplus.gov](http://medlineplus.gov)
  - Integrates a variety of licensed resources and public Web sites

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## Evaluation

- Questions often asked
  - Is system used?
  - Are users satisfied?
  - Do they find relevant information?
  - Do they complete their desired task?
- Most studied group is physicians, with systematic reviews of results (Hersh, 1998, Pluye, 2005)
- Most IR evaluation research has focused on retrieval of relevant documents, which may not capture full spectrum of usage
  - Often consists of challenge evaluations that develop “test collections” – best known is (non-medical) Text Retrieval Conference (TREC, [trec.nist.gov](http://trec.nist.gov)) (Voorhees, 2005)

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## Is system used?

- Most studies done prior to ubiquitous Internet, electronic health records, mobile devices, etc.
- Studies in various clinical settings (Hersh, 2009; Magrabi, 2005) showed average use varied from 0.3 to 8.7 accesses per person-month
- Whatever the actual number, this paled in comparison to known physician information needs (Gorman, 1995) of two questions per every three patients

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## Are users satisfied?

- Most studies report good user satisfaction, but some interesting studies to note
  - Nielsen (1994) meta-analysis found association (though imperfect) between user satisfaction and ability to use computer systems
  - Most Internet users believe they mostly find information they are seeking (Taylor, 2010; Fox, 2011)

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## Do they find relevant information?

- Most common approach to evaluation
- Usually measured by relevance-based measures of recall and precision
- With ranked output, can combine recall and precision into aggregate measures
  - Mean average precision (MAP)
  - Binary preference (bpref)
  - Normalized discounted cumulative gain (NCDG)

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## How well do clinicians search? Early results from Haynes (1990)

Searcher Type	Recall	Precision
Novice clinicians	27%	38%
Expert clinicians	48%	48%
Librarians	49%	57%

### Other findings

- Little overlap among retrieval sets
  - Searchers tended to find similar quantities of disparate relevant documents
- Novice searchers satisfied with results
  - Adequate information or ignorant bliss?

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## Extending evaluation beyond physicians and documents

- Other clinicians
  - Nurses – Rolye, 1995
  - Pharmacists – Wanke, 1988
  - Nurse practitioners – Hersh, 2000; Hersh, 2002
- Biomedical researchers
  - Very little study of their use of IR systems
  - Investigated by TREC Genomics Track (Hersh, 2006; Hersh, 2009) – <http://ir.ohsu.edu/genomics/>
- Image retrieval – ImageCLEFmed (Hersh, 2006; Hersh, 2009)
  - Retrieval performance related to query type, measure selection
  - <http://ir.ohsu.edu/image/>

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## Recall and precision studies yield useful results, but

- Are searchers able to solve their information problems by using system?
  - Some results research have used “task-oriented approach” to measure question-answering
  - Hersh (2002) – use of MEDLINE to answer clinical questions
    - Medical students answered 34% of questions before system, 51% afterwards
    - Nurse practitioner students answered 34% of questions before system but did not change with system
    - Time to answer a question was ~30 minutes
    - No association of recall or precision with correct answering

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## Another task-oriented study

- Westbrook (2005) – use of online evidence system
  - Physicians answered 37% of questions before system, 50% afterwards
  - Nurse specialists answered 18% of questions before system, 50% afterwards
  - Those who had correct answers had higher confidence in their answers, but those not knowing answer initially had no difference in confidence whether answer right or wrong

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## How do IR systems impact physician practice? (Pluye, 2004)

- Qualitative study found four themes mentioned by physicians
  - Recall – of forgotten knowledge
  - Learning – new knowledge
  - Confirmation – of existing knowledge
  - Frustration – that system use not successful
- Researchers also noted two additional themes
  - Reassurance – that system is available
  - Practice improvement – of patient-physician relationship

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## Challenges for IR evaluation moving forward

- Must understand tasks of user and focus evaluation accordingly
- Ultimate measure, like any other informatics application, might be health outcome
  - This may be difficult with IR systems since usage may not directly impact outcomes of patient care or research activity

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## Research directions – applying IR to medical records

- Most medical records still in narrative documents, where natural language processing (NLP) techniques are improving but still imperfect (Stanfill, 2010)
- For some tasks, can we take an IR approach?
  - TREC Medical Records Track uses de-identified corpus of medical records in initial task of identifying patients as candidates for clinical research studies (Voorhees, 2011)

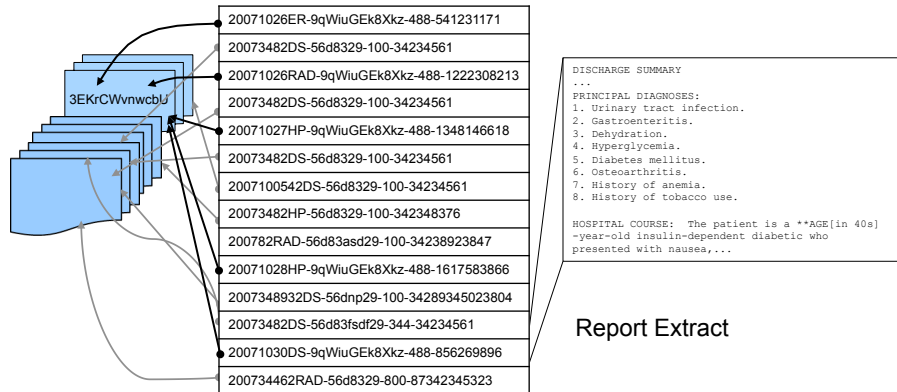
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# TREC Medical Records Track test collection

VISIT LIST

RECORD-VISIT MAP



17,198 visits

101,712 reports (93,552 mapped to visits)

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Report Extract

(Courtesy, Ellen Voorhees, NIST)



## Topics of TREC Medical Records Track – easy and hard

- Easiest – consistently best results
  - 105: Patients with dementia
  - 132: Patients admitted for surgery of the cervical spine for fusion or discectomy
- Hardest – consistently worst results
  - 108: Patients treated for vascular claudication surgically
  - 124: Patients who present to the hospital with episodes of acute loss of vision secondary to glaucoma
- Large differences between best and worst results
  - 125: Patients co-infected with Hepatitis C and HIV
  - 103: Hospitalized patients treated for methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) endocarditis
  - 111: Patients with chronic back pain who receive an intraspinal pain-medicine pump

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## Another research direction: question-answering

- Users may retrieve documents, but usually want answers to questions
- Subarea of IR research has focused on question-answering systems (Strzalkowski, 2006)
- Most recent “hype” of question-answering is the IBM Watson system
  - Developed out of TREC Question-Answering Track (Voorhees, 2005; Ferrucci, 2010)
  - Beat humans at Jeopardy (Markoff, 2011)
  - Now being applied to healthcare (Ferrucci, 2012)

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## Conclusions

- Mine
  - IR, including in biomedicine, has become widespread and mainstream
  - Challenges still exist, especially in specific domains and/or for specific tasks
  - Plenty of room left for research but building on top of existing systems and not de novo
- Yours?

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