TREC 2007 Genomics Track Overview

William Hersh¹ Aaron M. Cohen¹ Phoebe Roberts²

¹Department of Medical Informatics & Clinical Epidemiology Oregon Health & Science University

²Pfizer Corp. Cambridge, MA



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- All participating groups over 2002-2007

Overview

- Task
- · Evaluation measures
- Document collection
- Topics
- Relevance judgments
- Results
- · Future Directions



Task (or use case)

- No "central dogma" because it is no longer "dogma!"
- A scientist searching the biomedical literature, wanting to answers to questions but also context
- Aided by a system that provides:
 - Retrieval of <u>passages</u> portions of text that contain an answer to the question
 - Grouped by <u>aspects</u> to show which passages provide distinct information; a complete answer may require several different
 - Linked to <u>documents</u> that the user ultimately wants to retrieve
- Evaluated by mean average precision (MAP)-like measures for these three types of retrieval



From passages to aspects to documents Passages Aspects Documents

Evaluation measures

- Based on passage spans submitted in runs
- Passages could not cross <P...> or </P...> boundaries
- Passage-level MAP two measures:
- Passage2 (official) calculated MAP as if each character in each passage were a ranked document
- Passage (from 2006) calculated AP based on precision at passage retrieval (derived from HARD Track; Allan, 2004)

 Found to be problematic after analysis of 2006 results
- Aspect-level MAP
 - Similar to approach used in TREC 6-9 Interactive Track (Hersh,
- Document-level MAP
 - "Rolled up" from passages to document level



Document collection

- Full text HTML journal articles that preserved formatting, structure, table and figure legends, etc.
- 162,259 documents from 49 journals published by Highwire Press (www.highwire.org)
 - Documents contained 12,641,127 maximum-length legal spans, which consisted of all text delimited by HTML paragraph tags and were listed in file legalspans.txt
- Corresponding MEDLINE record provided by National Library of Medicine (NLM), including Medical Subject Headings (MeSH) terms
 - Full-text file name was PMID provided by Highwire, with link to actual article in file metadata.txt



Topics

- Generated from interviews of real biologists
 - Collected ~50, with 36 used as official topics and remainder as sample topics
- Phrased as list entity-based questions
 - More general question format and broader coverage of subject domains
- Expanded to 14 different entity types from 5 generic topic types (GTTs) developed for 2005-



Example topic

- Collected information need: What is the genetic component of alcoholism?
- Transformed into a list question of the form: What [GENES] are genetically linked to alcoholism?
- Answers to this question are passages that relate one or more entities of type GENE to alcoholism
 - e.g., a valid and relevant answer to the above question would be: The DRD4 VNTR polymorphism moderates craving after alcohol consumption. (from PMID 11950104)
- GENE entity supported by this statement would be



Topic entity types and terms

| Entity Type | Source of Terms | Topics with Entity Type |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| ANTIBODIES | MeSH | 1 |
| BIOLOGICAL SUBSTANCES | MeSH | 3 |
| CELL OR TISSUE TYPES | MeSH | 2 |
| DISEASES | MeSH | 1 |
| DRUGS | MEDLINEplus | 2 |
| GENES | iHoP, Harvester | 11 |
| MOLECULAR FUNCTIONS | GO | 2 |
| MUTATIONS | MeSH | 1 |
| PATHWAYS | BioCarta, KEGG | 2 |
| PROTEINS | MeSH | 5 |
| STRAINS | Ad hoc | 2 |
| SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS | MeSH | 1 |
| TOXICITIES | MeSH | 2 |
| TUMOR TYPES | MeSH | 1 |

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Relevance judgments – pooling, judging and processing

- Collected ranked passages in round robin manner from each submission until had 1000 per topic
- Judging led by Phoebe Roberts (PR) and performed by 13 biology experts (mostly with PhD)
- Developed form-based GUI, user documentation, and training session
- Judges instructed to:
 - Select passages (from maximum-length legal spans) that were definitely or possibly relevant Group relevant passages into aspects, designated by one or more judge-assigned terms
- Work reviewed by Phoebe before accepted
- Python programs gathered results and calculated measures



Relevance judgment results

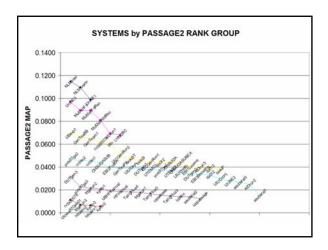
| Measure | Average per topic | |
|---|-------------------|--|
| Relevant passages | 124.8 (1-609) | |
| Mean relevant passage length | 968.0 (192-2381) | |
| Standard deviation of relevant passage length | 1276.2 | |
| Aspects | 72.3 (1-577) | |
| Mean aspects per relevant passage | 1.63 (1.0-3.41) | |
| Relevant documents | 69.2 (1-483) | |

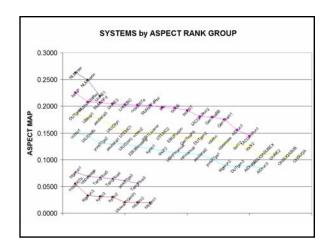


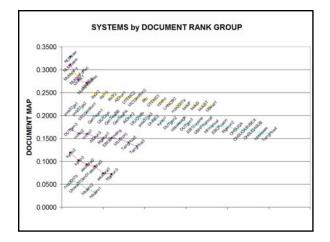
Summary of results - 66 runs from 25 groups

| Measure | Passage2 MAP | Passage MAP | | Document MAP |
|---------|-----------------|----------------|--------|-----------------|
| Minimum | 0.0008 | 0.0029 | 0.0197 | 0.0329 |
| Median | 0.0377 | 0.0565 | 0.1311 | 0.1897 |
| Mean | 0.0398 | 0.0560 | 0.1326 | 0.1862 |
| Maximum | 0.1148 | 0.0976 | 0.2631 | 0.3286 |

- Comparable for automatic and interactive, lower for manual Following slides show results using RMEQ tool (Cohen and McWeeney, in preparation) that uses iterative repeated measures analysis to
- separate groups into statistically distinct rank groups







Preliminary analysis of results

- Level of performance of top systems respectable but somewhat lower than last year
 - List-entity type question more difficult than GTT question?
- Top systems did consistently well on all measures Measures were highly correlated (more so for Passage2 than Passage)
- Unlike last year, aspect MAP was a meaningful measure of system topic coverage this year:
 - While the range of average number of aspects per relevant passage was low (1-3), number of aspects per topic was relatively high (could be over 300)
 - For a system to do well on aspect MAP, a number of passages with complementary aspect information would have to be retrieved and ranked highly, since for most topics, almost no single passages would cover all of the required entities
 - Enabled by allowing the judges to determine the list entities after a passage was judged relevant



Future directions

- This is a high-quality test collection that will hopefully spur further research in genomics/biomedical IR
- With NSF grant ending, this is last year of TREC Genomics Track
 - Test collections will continue to be available
 - Web site and email list will remain for now
 - Call for papers for special issue of *Information Retrieval* (see Web site) papers due 3/31/08
 - I am looking forward to a real summer vacation in 2008 ⓒ
- Beyond 2007? Stay tuned...

